INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 4628-5

Third edition 2016-01-15

Paints and varnishes — Evaluation of degradation of coatings — Designation of quantity and size of defects, and of intensity of uniform changes in appearance —

Part 5: **Assessment of degree of flaking**

Peintures et vernis — Évaluation de la dégradation des revêtements — Désignation de la quantité et de la dimension des défauts, et de l'intensité des changements uniformes d'aspect —

Partie 5: Évaluation du degré d'écaillage

ISO

Reference number ISO 4628-5:2016(E)

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Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 35, *Paints and varnishes*, Subcommittee SC 9, *General test methods for paints and varnishes*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 4628-5:2003), which has been technically revised with the following changes:

a) a normative reference to ISO 13076 for illumination for the assessment has been added.

ISO 4628 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Paints and varnishes* — *Evaluation of degradation of coatings* — *Designation of quantity and size of defects, and of intensity of uniform changes in appearance*:

- Part 1: General introduction and designation system
- Part 2: Assessment of degree of blistering
- Part 3: Assessment of degree of rusting
- Part 4: Assessment of degree of cracking
- Part 5: Assessment of degree of flaking
- Part 6: Assessment of degree of chalking by tape method
- Part 7: Assessment of degree of chalking by velvet method
- Part 8: Assessment of degree of delamination and corrosion around a scribe or other artificial defect
- Part 10: Assessment of degree of filiform corrosion

Paints and varnishes — Evaluation of degradation of coatings — Designation of quantity and size of defects, and of intensity of uniform changes in appearance —

Part 5:

Assessment of degree of flaking

1 Scope

This part of ISO 4628 specifies a method for assessing the degree of flaking of coatings by comparison with pictorial standards.

ISO 4628-1 defines the system used for designating the quantity and size of defects and the intensity of changes in appearance of coatings and outlines the general principles of the system. This system is intended to be used, in particular, for defects caused by ageing and weathering, and for uniform changes such as colour changes, for example yellowing.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 13076, Paints and varnishes — Lighting and procedure for visual assessments of coatings

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

degree of flaking

rating characterizing flaked areas in a coating in terms of quantity, size, and depth

4 Assessment

Assess the quantity of flaking by reference to <u>Table 1</u> and using as examples <u>Figure 1</u> or <u>Figure 2</u>, depending on the type of flaking.

NOTE Figure 1 shows flaking without preferential direction and Figure 2 shows flaking in a preferential direction due to anisotropy of the substrate.

Table 1 — Rating scheme for designating the quantity of flaking

Rating		Flaked area %	
0		0	
1		0,1	
2	△ .	0,3	
3	1975 coll	1	-\\$
4	19-10	3	~ KJ
5	1-1-10	15	N-17

5	15					
Assess the average size of the individual areas exposed by flaking in accordance with <u>Table 2</u> .						
Table 2 — Rating scheme for designating the size of areas exposed by flaking						
Rating	Size of flaking					
0	not visible under × 10 magnification					
	up to 1 mm					
2	up to 3 mm					
3	up to 10 mm					
4	up to 30 mm					
5	larger than 30 mm					

Where a test area exhibits flaked areas of various sizes, quote as the size rating that of the largest areas which are numerous enough to be typical of the test area.

If possible, indicate the depth of flaking by reference to the level in the coating system where failure occurs. A distinction is made between two main types of failure by flaking:

a) coat(s) flaking from underlying coat;

b) the whole coating system flaking from substrate.

Carry out the assessment under good illumination, as specified in ISO 13076.

Expression of results

Express the numerical ratings of the quantity and size of flaking, where possible together with the depth of flaking (a or b), shown in Figures 1 and 2 together with the approximate dimensions of the area concerned, or its proportion to the total area, expressed as a percentage.

For example, for quantity 3, size 2, with the whole coating system flaking from the substrate, report the result as

flaking; degree of flaking 3(S2)b.

If necessary, the assessment may be amplified in words.

Test report

The test report shall contain at least the following information:

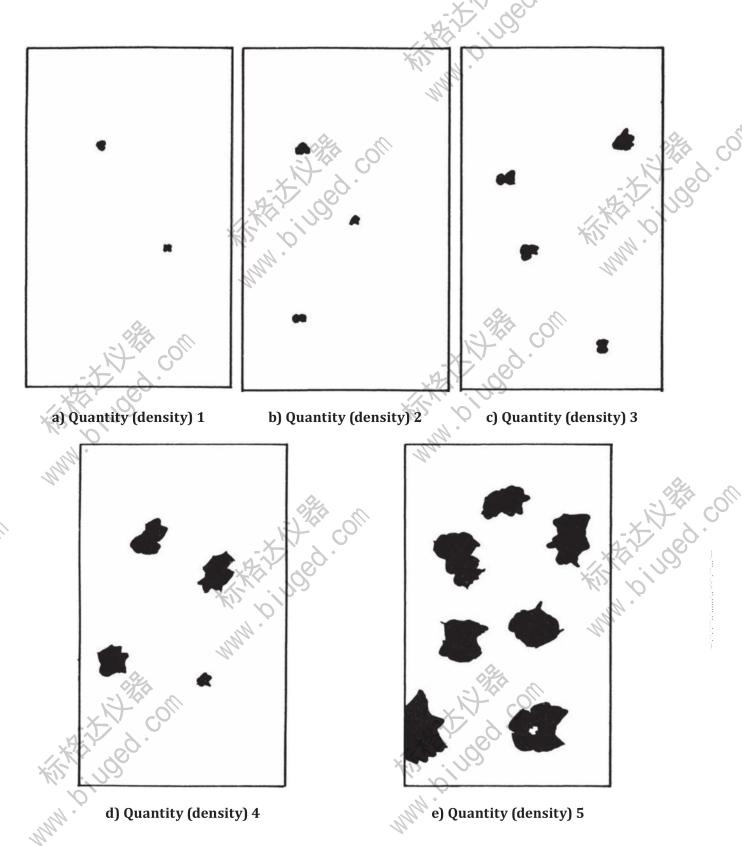
- all details necessary to identify the coating examined;
- a reference to this part of ISO 4628, i.e. ISO 4628-5;

- the type of surface examined, its size and, if appropriate, its location;
- the result of the assessment in accordance with <u>Clause 5</u>;
- an indication of the illumination under which the assessment was carried out; e) KIKET NIJOEd. COM
- any unusual features (anomalies) observed during the assessment; f)
- the date of the examination. g)

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 $\label{eq:figure 1} Figure \ 1 - Flaking \ without \ preferential \ direction \\ \ (panels \ of \ 100 \ cm^2 \ to \ 200 \ cm^2)$

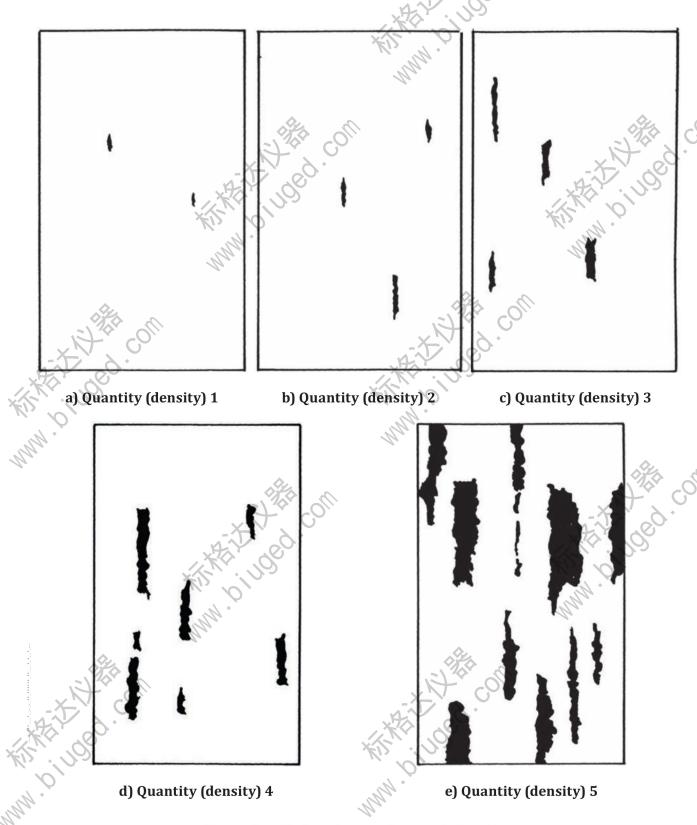


Figure 2 — Flaking in a preferential direction (panels of 100 cm^2 to 200 cm^2)

Bibliography

ISO 4628-1, Paints and varnishes — Evaluation of degradation of coatings — Designation of quantity and size of defects, and of intensity of uniform changes in appearance — Part 1: General introduction and designation system

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 5077

Second edition 2007-02-15

Textiles — Determination of dimensional change in washing and drying

Textiles — Détermination des variations dimensionnelles au lavage et au séchage domestiques

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ISO

Reference number ISO 5077:2007(E)

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Foreword

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International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 5077 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 38, *Textiles*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Cleansing, finishing and water resistance tests*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 5077:1984), which has been technically revised.

Textiles — Determination of dimensional change in washing and drying

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a method for the determination of the dimensional change of fabrics, garments or other textile articles when subjected to an appropriate combination of specified washing and drying procedures.

In the case of textile articles or deformable materials, it is necessary to exercise all possible caution in the interpretation of the results.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 139, Textiles — Standard atmospheres for conditioning and testing

ISO 3759, Textiles — Preparation, marking and measuring of fabric specimens and garments in tests for determination of dimensional change

ISO 6330, Textiles — Domestic washing and drying procedures for textile testing

3 Principle

The specimen is conditioned in the specified standard atmosphere and measured before subjection to the appropriate washing and drying procedures. After drying, conditioning and remeasuring of the specimen, the changes in dimensions are calculated.

4 Apparatus and reagents

Use apparatus and reagents as specified in ISO 3759 and ISO 6330

5 Atmospheric conditions

The atmospheric conditions required for conditioning and testing are specified in ISO 139.

6 Test specimens

- 6.1 The selection, dimensions, marking and measuring of test specimens are specified in ISO 3759.
- **6.2** When possible, three specimens from each sample should be used. One or two specimens may be used when insufficient sample is available.

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Procedure

- 7.1 Determine the original length and width dimensions, as appropriate, after the specimens have been conditioned and measured according to the procedure specified in ISO 139 and ISO 3759.
- 7.2 Wash and dry the specimens according to one of the procedures specified in ISO 6330, as agreed between the interested parties.
- 7.3 After washing and drying, condition and measure the specimens and calculate the dimensional change of the specimens according to the procedure specified in ISO 3759.

Expression of results

8.1 Calculate the mean changes in dimensions in both the length and width directions in accordance with the arrangement in ISO 3759 as follows:

$$\frac{x_{\rm t}-x_{\rm o}}{x_{\rm o}}\times 100$$

where

- is the original dimension; $x_{\mathbf{0}}$
- is the dimension measured after treatment.

Record the changes in measurement separately as a percentage of the corresponding original value.

- **8.2** Express the average dimensional changes to the nearest 0,5 %.
- THE TUBED ON **8.3** State whether the dimension has decreased (shrinkage) by means of a minus sign (-) or increased (extension) by means of a plus sign (+).

Test report

The test report shall specify the following:

- a) the number and year of this International Standard;
- b) the number of specimens washed and dried;
- the procedure used for washing and drying from ISO 6330; C)
- for fabric specimens, the average dimensional change in the length (warp or wale) and the average dimensional change in the width (weft or course) to the nearest 0,5 %;
- e) for garments, the description, make and size of the garment tested;
- for garments, an adequate description of each measuring position and the average dimensional change to the nearest 0,5 % at each position for each garment tested.